## **Branchburg Township Public Schools**

## Office of Curriculum and Instruction Kindergarten Music Curriculum



Adopted by the Board of Education September 2023

This curriculum is aligned with the 2020 New Jersey Student Learning Standards in Visual & Performing Arts

Curriculum Scope and Sequence			
<b>Content Area</b>	Music	Course Title/Grade Level:	Kindergarten

	Topic/Unit Name	Suggested Pacing (Days/Weeks)
Topic/Unit #1	Sing in tune independently and with others	Throughout the year
Topic/Unit #2	Listening/Responding	Throughout the year
Topic/Unit #3	Reading Music	November-June
Topic/Unit #4	Perform on classroom instruments	Throughout the year
Topic/Unit #5	Movement	Throughout the year

Topic/Unit 1 Title	Sing in tune independently and with others		Approximate Pacing	Throughout the year	
	STANDARDS				
	NJSLS VP	A - Music			
1.3A.2.Pr5c: Dem performance. 1.3A.2.Pr5e: Dem expressive intent. 1.3A.2.Re7a: Der	1.3A.2.Cr2a: Demonstrate and explain personal reasons for selecting patterns and ideas for music that represent expressive intent. 1.3A.2.Pr5c: Demonstrate knowledge of basic music concepts (e.g. tonality and meter) in music from a variety of cultures selected for performance. 1.3A.2.Pr5e: Demonstrate understanding of basic expressive qualities (e.g., dynamics, tempo) and how creators use them to convey expressive intent. 1.3A.2.Re7a: Demonstrate and explain how personal interests and experiences influence musical selection for specific purposes. 1.3A.2.Re7b: Describe how specific music concepts are used to support a specific purpose in music.				
Interdisciplinary Connections:		21st Century Skills:			
major events in a R.I.K.7 With promillustrations and the S.L.K.6 Speak audiearly  Activity: Students questions such as	R.L.K.3 With prompting and support, identify characters, settings, and major events in a story R.I.K.7 With prompting and support, describe the relationship between illustrations and the story in which they appear S.L.K.6 Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas  9.2.4.A.1 Identify reasons why people work, different types and how work can help a person achieve personal and programs.  9.2.4.A.1 Identify reasons why people work, different types and how work can help a person achieve personal and programs.  Activity: Discuss the role and expectations of a performer to		personal and professional s of a performer throughout		
	Technology Standards:		Career Ready Prac	ctices:	
1	elopmentally appropriate navigation skills in virtual . games, museums).	CRP2 Appl CRP4 Com	as a responsible and contribut by appropriate academic and to nmunicate clearly and effective ork productively in teams while	echnical skills ely and with reason	

competence

Activity: Students navigate through google slides and youtube to

complete extension lessons.

Activity: Practice concert etiquette by watching other classes			
perform.			
	UNIT/TOPIC ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS AND ENDURING OBJECTIVES/UNDERSTANDINGS		
Why do people sing? How can I use my voice to make sounds and music? How can I change the sound of my voice to match the sounds I hear in music?  STUDENT LEARNING OBJECTIVES			
Key Knowledge	STODENT LEARNI	Process/Skills/Procedures/Application of Key Knowledge	
Explore, compare, and contrast using speaking, whispering, a shouting voices in poems and songs		Students will be able to: reproduce sounds in nature and non-musical activities using voice Explore, compare, and contrast using speaking, whispering, and shouting voices in poems and songs Reproduce high and low pitches with voices in songs and poems	
ASSESSMENT OF LEARNING			
Summative Assessment (Assessment at the	at the Rubric		
end of the learning period)	Notes Performance at grad	Notes Performance at grade level concert	
Formative Assessments (Ongoing	Teacher observation		
assessments during the learning period to	Anecdotal records		
inform instruction)	Checklist		
Alternative Assessments (Any learning	Projects		
activity or assessment that asks students to	Group work		
perform to demonstrate their knowledge,	Aural/visual assessm	ent and observation	
understanding and proficiency)	Class performances		
Benchmark Assessments (used to establish baseline achievement data and measure progress towards grade level standards; given 2-3 X per year)	Pre-assessments and post-assessments will be given. The pre-assessment will focus on any prior knowledge students have about music, as well as concepts that will be introduced over the course of the year.		
	RESOURCES		
Core instructional materials:			

Silver Burdett Music Connections Series

Silver Burdett Making Music Series

Supplemental materials:
songs from iTunes, videos from youtube

Modifications for Learners

See appendix

Topic/Unit 2 Listening/Responding Title		Approximate Pacing	Throughout the year
STANDARDS			
NJSLS VPA - Music			

- A.2.Cr1a: Explore, create and improvise musical ideas using rhythmic and melodic patterns in various meters and tonalities.
- 1.3A.2.Cr2a: Demonstrate and explain personal reasons for selecting patterns and ideas for music that represent expressive intent.
- 1.3A.2Pr5b: Rehearse, identify and apply strategies to address interpretive, performance and technical challenges of music.
- 1.3A.2.Pr5e: Demonstrate understanding of basic expressive qualities (e.g., dynamics, tempo) and how creators use them to convey expressive intent.
- 1.3A.2.Pr6b: Perform appropriately for the audience and purpose.
- 1.3A.2.Re7b: Describe how specific music concepts are used to support a specific purpose in music.
- 1.3A.2.Re9a: Apply personal and expressive preferences in the evaluation of music.
- 1.3A.2.Cn11a: Demonstrate understanding of relationships between music and the other arts, other disciplines, varied contexts, and daily life.
- 1.1.2.Cr1a: Demonstrate movement in response to a variety of sensory stimuli (e.g., music, imagery, objects) and suggest additional sources for movement ideas.
- 1.1.2.Pr4b: Perform planned and improvised movement sequences, with variations in tempo, meter, and rhythm, alone and in small groups.

Interdisciplinary Connections:	21st Century Skills:
SL.K.1A Follow agreed-upon norms for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion) SL.K.6 Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas	<b>9.2.4.A.4</b> Explain why knowledge and skills acquired in the elementary grades lay the foundation for future academic and career success.
Activity: Students listen to music and then describe how it made them feel (sad, happy, scared, tired, angry, etc). They draw a picture to go with the music and their emotion.	Activity: By listening to music and first answering basic questions (which instruments do you hear, is the music loud or soft, fast or slow), they can then learn to analyze music more deeply as they get older.
Technology Standards:	Career Ready Practices:
<b>8.1.2.E.1</b> Use digital tools and online resources to explore a problem or issue	CRP1 Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee CRP2 Apply appropriate academic and technical skills CRP4 Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason

Activity:Students listen to concerts on youtube and critique the performances.	CRP12 Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence
	Activity: Students will learn how to actively listen during a performance.
UNIT/TOPIC ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS AND EI	NDURING OBJECTIVES/UNDERSTANDINGS
How does a musician listen to music?	

UNII/IOP	UNIT/TOPIC ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS AND ENDURING OBJECTIVES/UNDERSTANDINGS		
How does a musician listen to mus How and why does music affect of How can sounds in nature be used	ur emotion?		
	STUDENT LEARNING OBJECTIVES		
Key Knowledge		Process/Skills/Procedures/Application of Key Knowledge	
Students will know: how to listen and respond to music		*Classify high and low sounds in nature and in music  *Compare performances of songs that are loud and/or /soft as performed live, in recordings, video, or on-line  *Compare performances of songs that are fast and/or slow as performed live, in recordings, videos, or on-line  *Discuss how the sounds of a piece of unknown music makes them feel or think	
	ASSESSMENT (	OF LEARNING	
Summative Assessment (Assessment at the end of the learning period)	Rubric Notes Performance at grade level concerts		
Formative Assessments (Ongoing assessments during the learning period to inform instruction)	Teacher observation Anecdotal records Checklist		
Alternative Assessments (Any learning activity or assessment that asks students to <i>perform</i> to demonstrate their knowledge, understanding and proficiency)	Projects Group work Aural/visual assessment and observation Class performances		

# Benchmark Assessments (used to establish baseline achievement data and measure progress towards

Pre-assessments and post-assessments will be given. The pre-assessment will focus on any prior knowledge students have about music, as well as concepts that will be introduced over the course of the year.

grade level standards; given	year.		
2-3 X per year)			
	RESOURCES		
Core instructional materials:			
Silver Burdett Music Connections	Series		
Silver Burdett Making Music Serie	Silver Burdett Making Music Series		
Supplemental materials:			
songs from iTunes, videos from yo	outube		
	Modifications for Learners		
See appendix			

Topic/Unit 3 Title	Reading Music	Approximate Pacing	Throughout the year
	STANDARDS		

#### **NJSLS VPA - Music**

- 1.1.2.B.1 explore the elements of music through verbal and written responses to diverse and aural prompts and printed scores
- **1.2.2.A.1** Identify characteristic theme-based works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art, such as artworks bases on the themes of family and community, from various historical periods and world cultures
- **1.3.2.B.1** Clap, sing, or play on pitch from basic notation in the treble clef, with consideration of pitch/rhythm, dynamics, and tempo
- **1.4.A.4.1** Distinguish patterns in nature found in works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art.

What does it mean to "read" music and how is music read? How does the steady beat help the music sound good?

Interdisciplinary Connections:	21st Century Skills:	
<b>RF.K.1A</b> Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print. Follow words from left to right, top to bottom, and page by page.	<b>9.2.4.A.4</b> Explain why knowledge and skills acquired in the elementary grades lay the foundation for future academic and career success.	
<ul> <li>K.CC.5 Count to answer "how many?" questions about as many as 20 things arranged in a line, a rectangular array, or a circle, or as many as 10 things in a scattered configuration; given a number from 1-20, count out that many objects.</li> <li>K.G.1 Describe objects in the environment using names of shapes, and describe the relative positions of these objects using terms such as "above, below, beside, in front of, behind" and "next to".</li> <li>Activity: Students will follow the steady beat "hearts" left to right as we sing songs.</li> </ul>	Activity: Students tap on steady beat icons as they sing songs which is a precursor to reading notes on a staff.	
Technology Standards:	Career Ready Practices:	
<b>8.1.5.A.1</b> Select and use the appropriate digital tools and resources to accomplish a variety of tasks including solving problems.	CRP1 Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee CRP2 Apply appropriate academic and technical skills CRP4 Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason	
Activity: Students will record themselves tapping out beats as they listen to a piece of music.	Activity: Students will self assess while remaining on task in classroom activities.	
UNIT/TOPIC ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS AND ENDURING OBJECTIVES/UNDERSTANDINGS		

Key Kr	owledge	Process/Skills/Procedures/Application of Key Knowledge
Students will know: How to read music		Students will be able to: Recognize the steady beat in songs and pieces of music Identify the steady beat in songs and pieces of music projected on board Reproduce the steady of songs and pieces of music by pointing to visual representation of the beat.
	ASSESSMENT	OF LEARNING
Summative Assessment (Assessment at the end of the learning period)	Rubric Notes	
Formative Assessments (Ongoing assessments during the learning period to inform instruction)	Teacher observation Anecdotal records Checklist	
Alternative Assessments (Any learning activity or assessment that asks students to perform to demonstrate their knowledge, understanding and proficiency)	Projects Group work Aural/visual assessment and observation Class performances	
Benchmark Assessments (used to establish baseline achievement data and measure progress towards grade level standards; given	Pre-assessments and post-assessments will be given. The pre-assessment will focus on any prior knowledge students have about music, as well as concepts that will be introduced over the course of the year.	
	RESOU	IRCES
2-3 X per year)  Core instructional materials: Silver Burdett Music Connections Silver Burdett Making Music Series	Series	JRCES

Supplemental materials: teacher-created worksheets social media		
	Modifications for Learners	
See appendix		

Topic/Unit 4 Title	Perform on classroom instruments	Approximate Pacing	Throughout the year
STANDARDS			
NJSLS VPA - Music			
1.3A.2.Cr2a: Demonstrate and explain personal reasons for selecting patterns and ideas for music that represent expressive intent.			

- 1.3A.2.Pr5c: Demonstrate knowledge of basic music concepts (e.g. tonality and meter) in music from a variety of cultures selected for performance.
- 1.3A.2.Pr5e: Demonstrate understanding of basic expressive qualities (e.g., dynamics, tempo) and how creators use them to convey expressive intent.
- 1.3A.2.Re7a: Demonstrate and explain how personal interests and experiences influence musical selection for specific purposes.
- 1.3A.2.Re7b: Describe how specific music concepts are used to support a specific purpose in music

1.3A.2.Re7b: Describe how specific music concepts are used to support a specific purpose in music		
Interdisciplinary Connections:	21st Century Skills:	
<ul> <li>K.G.A.1 Describe objects in the environment using names of shapes, and describe the relative positions of these objects using terms such as "above, below, beside, in front of, behind" and "next to".</li> <li>K.G.B.4 Analyze and compare two-and three-dimensional shapes, in different sizes and orientations, using informal language to describe their similarities, differences, parts (e.g., number of sides and vertices/"corners") and other attributes (e.g., having sides of equal length)</li> <li>Activity: Students explain similarities and differences in classroom</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>9.2.4.A.4 Explain why knowledge and skills acquired in the elementary grades lay the foundation for future academic and career success.</li> <li>Activity: By learning how to successfully play classroom instruments (rhythm sticks, egg shakers, tambourines, etc), students are learning skills needed to play band or orchestra instruments in la</li> </ul>	
instruments		
Technology Standards:	Career Ready Practices:	
0.000.411.00.1.00.1.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.		
8.2.2.B.1 Identify how technology impacts or improves life.  Activity: Students will explore the convenience of having technology available while playing along to songs.	CRP1 Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee CRP2 Apply appropriate academic and technical skills CRP4 Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason CRP6 Demonstrate creativity and innovation CRP8 Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. CRP12 Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence  Activity: Students will practice cooperation and working as a team while playing instruments as a class to a song.	
Activity: Students will explore the convenience of having technology	CRP2 Apply appropriate academic and technical skills CRP4 Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason CRP6 Demonstrate creativity and innovation CRP8 Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. CRP12 Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence  Activity: Students will practice cooperation and working as a team while playing instruments as a class to a song.	

What do I need to do to make a good sound on my instrument?
How can I add interest to my performance of a song with a classroom instrument?

How do I properly use and care for the classroom instruments?			
	STUDENT LEARNING OBJECTIVES		
Key Kı	nowledge	Process/Skills/Procedures/Application of Key Knowledge	
Students will know: how to play a variety of classroom how to properly use and care for t	he classroom instruments	Students will be able to: Identify classroom instruments by sight (hand drum,rhythm sticks, triangle, tambourine, shakers, etc) Experiment with producing sounds on classroom instruments Reproduce the proper instrument playing techniques demonstrated by the teacher Perform accompaniment to songs playing the steady beat on classroom instruments Properly handle and put away classroom instruments.	
ASSESSMENT OF LEARNING		OF LEARNING	
Summative Assessment (Assessment at the end of the learning period)  Formative Assessments (Ongoing assessments during the learning period to inform instruction)	Rubric Notes Performance at grade level concert Teacher observation Anecdotal records Checklist		
Alternative Assessments (Any learning activity or assessment that asks students to <i>perform</i> to demonstrate their knowledge, understanding and proficiency)	Projects Group work Aural/visual assessment and observation Class performances		
Benchmark Assessments (used to establish baseline achievement data and measure progress towards grade level standards; given 2-3 X per year)	Pre-assessments and post-assessments will be given. The pre-assessment will focus on any prior knowledge students have about music, as well as concepts that will be introduced over the course of the year.		

RESOURCES	
Core instructional materials: Silver Burdett Music Connections Series	
Silver Burdett Making Music Series	
Supplemental materials:	
songs from iTunes social media	
	Modifications for Learners
See appendix	

Topic/Unit 5 Title	Movement	Approximate Pacing	Throughout the year
STANDARDS			
NJSLS VPA - Music			
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- 1.1.2.Cr1a: Demonstrate movement in response to a variety of sensory stimuli (e.g., music, imagery, objects) and suggest additional sources for movement ideas.
- 1.1.2.Pr4b: Perform planned and improvised movement sequences, with variations in tempo, meter, and rhythm, alone and in small groups.

1.3A.2.Pr5c: Demonstrate knowledge of basic music concepts (e.g. tonality and meter) in music from a variety of cultures selected for performance.

1.3A.2.Pr5d: When analyzing selected music, read and perform rhythmic and melodic patterns using iconic or standard notation.

Interdisciplinary Connections:	21st Century Skills:	
SL K.6 Speak audibly and express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly  Activity: Students will express and show their ideas on how to move to music.	<ul><li>9.2.4.A.4 Explain why knowledge and skills acquired in the elementary grades lay the foundation for future academic and career success.</li><li>Activity: By being able to move to the steady beat, students are learning to control their body.</li></ul>	
Technology Standards:	Career Ready Practices:	
8.2.2.B.1 Identify how technology impacts or improve life  Activity: Students will dance to music while watching a video and then just being told the directions. Students will discuss which method was easier.	CRP1 Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee CRP2 Apply appropriate academic and technical skills CRP4 Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason CRP6 Demonstrate creativity and innovation CRP9 Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management CRP12 Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence  Activity: Students will learn about personal space and how to control their body in a group.	
UNIT/TOPIC ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS AND ENDURING OBJECTIVES/UNDERSTANDINGS		

What is the best way to move around the room with other students? How does movement help show what is heard in music?

STUDENT LEARNING OBJECTIVES		
Key Knowledge	Process/Skills/Procedures/Application of Key Knowledge	
Students will know: - how to add movement to music	Students will be able to:  Experiment with ways to safely move in both non-locomotor ways in response to music recordings or performances of music	

•	Distinguish the steady beat of songs and music by using
	body movements

•	Reproduce teacher led movement routines that reflect
	expressive qualities of a piece of music

ASSESSMENT OF LEARNING		
Summative Assessment	Rubric	
(Assessment at the end of the	Notes	
learning period)	Performance at grade level concert	
Formative Assessments (Ongoing assessments during the learning period to inform instruction)	Teacher observation Anecdotal records Checklist	
Alternative Assessments (Any learning activity or assessment that asks students to <i>perform</i> to demonstrate their knowledge, understanding and proficiency)	Projects Group work Aural/visual assessment and observation Class performances	
Benchmark Assessments (used to establish baseline achievement data and measure progress towards grade level standards; given 2-3 X per year)	Pre-assessments and post-assessments will be given. The pre-assessment will focus on any prior knowledge students have about music, as well as concepts that will be introduced over the course of the year.	
RESOURCES		

#### Core instructional materials:

Silver Burdett Music Connections Series Silver Burdett Making Music Series

### Supplemental materials:

John Feierabend's Move It and Move It 2 DVD's youtube social media

Modifications for Learners	
See appendix	